MIDTERM EXAMINATION
Spring 2010
ENG001- Elementary English (Session - 3)

Ref No: 1378494
Time: 60 min

Question No: 1 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The indirect narration of '**Hurrah! We have won the match**' is:

- ► **They exclaimed with joy that they had won the match**. Correct
- ► They exclaim with joy that they had win the match.
- ► They cry with joy that they did won the match.
- ► They cried with joy that they will won the match.

Question No: 2 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Which verb can be both singular and plural?

- ► Is
- ► Am
- ► Has
- ► **Do correct**

Question No: 3 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Choose the best way to complete the sentence given below:

I didn't know what he meant. (?)
.

- ► what he mean
- ► what did he mean
- ► what did he meant
- ► **what he meant correct**

Question No: 4 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Choose the correct option.

My friend Ken will come with me to Metro town.

- ► **Declarative sentence aisa statement correct**
- ► Interrogative sentence ????
- ► Imperative sentence advise,request,order
- ► Exclamatory sentence aurah!!

Question No: 5 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Choose the correct option.

Listen carefully.

- ► Exclamatory sentence
- ► Interrogative sentence
- ► **Imperative sentence correct**
- ► Declarative sentence

Question No: 6 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

The persons who use their voices (pitch, rhythm, stress) and their bodies to communicate their message are:

- ► **Speakers correct**
- ► Writers
- ► Readers
- ► Listeners

Question No: 7 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Using various symbols to represent sounds is called:

- ► **Pronunciation correct**
- ► Syllabication
- ► Etymology
- ► Derivation

Question No: 8 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Choose the option that best defines 'Clarity':

- ► To be tightly structured

► **To express a clear point** **Correct**
► To be syntactically correct
► To be substantive

Question No: 9 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Choose the option that best defines the 'Conciseness':

► **Wordiness** **correct**
► Creativity
► Verbosity
► Brevity

Question No: 10 (Marks: 1) - Please choose one

Popular expressions which may not be considered proper in formal use are called:

► Formal speech
► **Slang** **correct**
► Timeline
► Antonyms

Question No: 11 (Marks: 2)

What are Compound Sentences?

A compound sentence is composed of at least two independent clauses. It does not require a dependent clause. The clauses are joined by a coordinating co_____co mma), a correlative conjunction (with or without a comma), or a semicolon that functions as a conjunction.

Question No: 12 (Marks: 2)

Does a dictionary tell about the part of speech to which a word belongs?

No, dictionary only tells us that pronunciation and meaning of a word, in addition also tells us that how we can utilize it in different sentences or when we can use the same.

Question No: 13 (Marks: 3)

Define the term 'clause' with examples?

A group of words that contains a subject and verb, there are two types of clauses: independent and dependent (sometimes called subordinate). In discussing aspects of language, such as sentence variety, the word "clause" is valuable. The following groups of words are clauses:

the ship sank *(independent)*
just before the iceberg struck the ship *(dependent)*
the first lifeboat in the water was only half full *(independent)*

Question No: 14 (Marks: 3)

Choose the correct tense for each sentence given below.

1. 'For seven days' is a signal word for Simple Present.

    a. Present Perfect Progressive
    b. Present Simple

2. 'Since 6 o'clock' is a signal word for Present Perfect Progressive.

    c. Present Perfect Progressive
    d. Present Simple

3. 'often' is a signal word for Present Perfect Progressive.

    a. Present Perfect Progressive
    b. Present Simple

Question No: 15 (Marks: 5)

Make adverbs from given adjectives.

Adjective	**Adverb**
Happy	Happily
Thirsty	Thirstily
Boring	intensely
Loud	Loud
Easy	Easily

Question No: 16 (Marks: 5)

What are the qualities of effective writing? Explain briefly.

While writing he always think about his readers and he use to make sentences with which he can clear the points. Good writer always focus on the surround nature and time if the is writing about a journey.

For example: if he is traveling from US to Canada. He will mentioned like this: when we start journey the climate was good, there were no sign of clouds and rain, but when we reached Sioux City the fuel tank was almost finished and then we refuel it from Sioux, there were heavy clouds but with drizzling, the distance from Sioux to CANADA is 400 miles. Etc

His readers get all answers and can understand the situation by his writing.

Question No: 17 (Marks: 5)

How does drafting help a writer in refining a piece of writing?

By this writer convert all his experiences in written form so when he start writing he follow the incidents and facts in proper way, so the possibility get reduce that might be while writing he can miss the point. In this way it will help writer to refine his piece of writing.